

# Statistics

## Lecture 11



Feb 19-8:47 AM

Testing claims:

SG 23

claims are made about parameters,  
Populations

our task is to test those claims for their  
 validities.

If claim is valid  $\rightarrow$  we support it.  
Fail-to-Reject

If claim is invalid  $\rightarrow$  we reject it.

Final Conclusion:

Reject the claim OR  
 Fail-to-reject  
 the claim

May 8-8:05 AM

Claim could be about

- 1) Population Proportion
- 2) Population Mean
- 3) Population Standard deviation
- 4) . . . .

Testing Methods:

- 1) Traditional Method
- 2) P-Value Method
- 3) Confidence Interval Method

Regardless of the method, Final Conclusion must be the same.

Reject the claim OR FTR the claim  
 (claim is invalid)                      (claim is valid)

May 8-8:10 AM

Testing Types:

- 1) Right-Tail Test **RTT**
- 2) Left-Tail Test **LTT**
- 3) Two-Tail Test **TTT**

with every testing, we have a Significance level

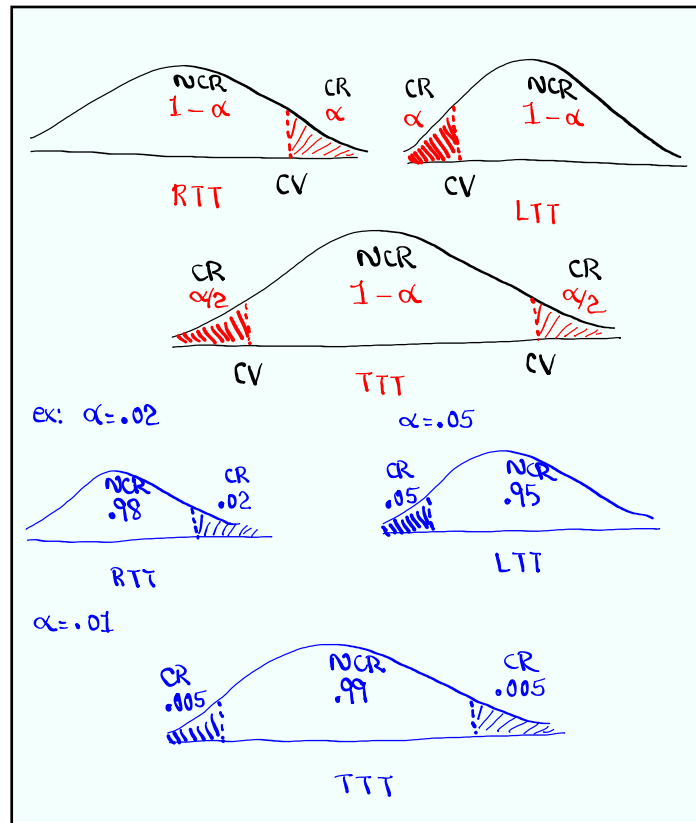
$\alpha$

$0 < \alpha < 1$

$\alpha$  is the total area of tail or tails.

when  $\alpha$  not given  
 $\Rightarrow$  Use .05

May 8-8:17 AM



May 8-8:21 AM

- Testing Process:
- 1) Set-up  $H_0$  and  $H_1$ .  
 ↑  
 Null Hypothesis  
 Alternative Hypothesis  $H_a$
  - 2) Find Critical value(s)  
 Drawing, labeling, shading and Full TI Command required. Always round to 3-dec. places.
  - 3) Find Computed Test Statistic CTS and P-Value P.  
 Full TI command or formula required.
  - 4) Use **Testing Chart** to determine the validity of  $H_0$  &  $H_1$ .
  - 5) Draw Final conclusion about the claim.  
 Reject the claim OR FTR the claim

May 8-8:27 AM

More on  $H_0$  &  $H_1$ :

$H_0$  must contain the = Sign. =,  $\geq$ ,  $\leq$

$H_1$  cannot contain the = Sign.  $\neq$ ,  $<$ ,  $>$

$H_1$  tells us if it is RTT, LTT, or TTT.

$H_1: >$	$H_1: <$	$H_1: \neq$
RTT	LTT	TTT

Keywords for  $H_0$ :

is, equal, the same, not different, at least, at most, - - -

Keywords for  $H_1$ :

is not, not equal, not the same, different, more than, less than, below, above, exceed, - - -

May 8-8:36 AM

College claims that 10% of all students smoke.

$P = .1$

$H_0$

$H_0: P = .1$  claim

$H_1: P \neq .1$  TTT

College claims that the mean age of all students is below 32.5 yrs.

$\mu < 32.5$

$H_1$

$H_0: \mu \geq 32.5$

$H_1: \mu < 32.5$  claim, LTT

May 8-8:42 AM

College claims that Standard dev. of Salaries  $\sigma$   
of all Faculties is at most \$400.

$$\sigma \leq 400$$

$\swarrow$   $H_0$

$H_0: \sigma \leq 400$  claim

$H_1: \sigma > 400$  RTT

Claim could be  $H_0$  or  $H_1$ . Claim cannot be both at the same time.

Always identify the claim & Type of Testing

May 8-8:48 AM

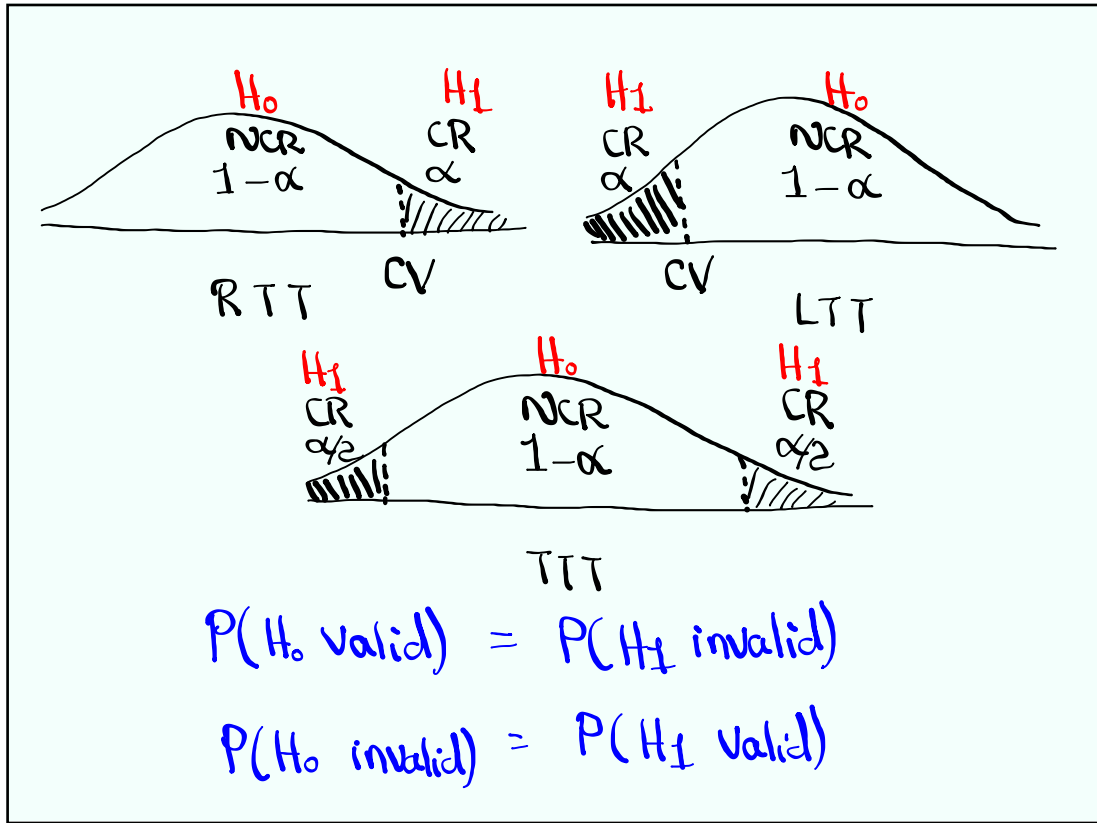
Possible errors for  $H_0$ :

Reality \ Action	$H_0$ valid	$H_0$ invalid
Support $H_0$ (FTR)	Good Decision	Type II error
Reject $H_0$	Type I error	Good Decision

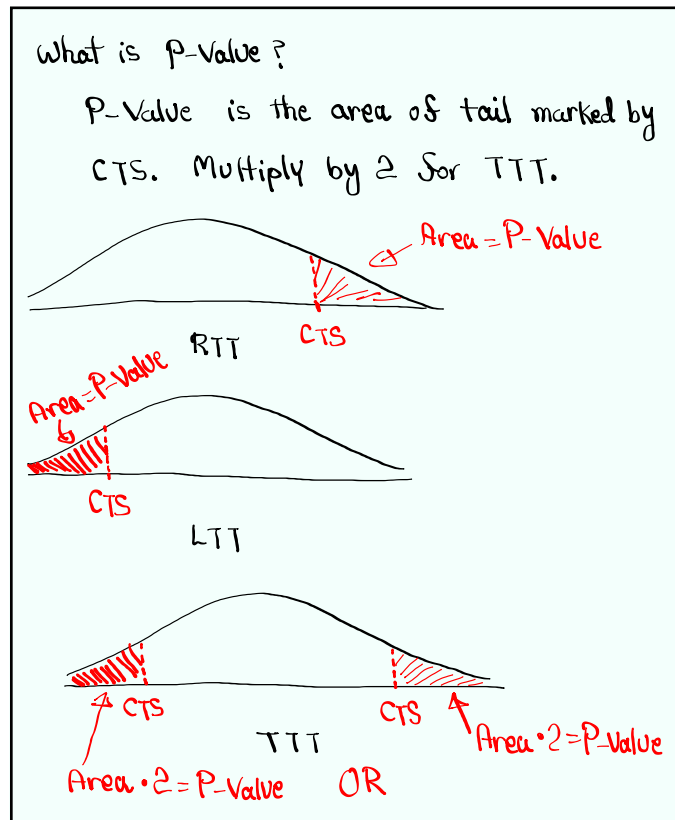
Type I error: we reject a valid  $H_0$ .

Type II error: we support an invalid  $H_0$ .

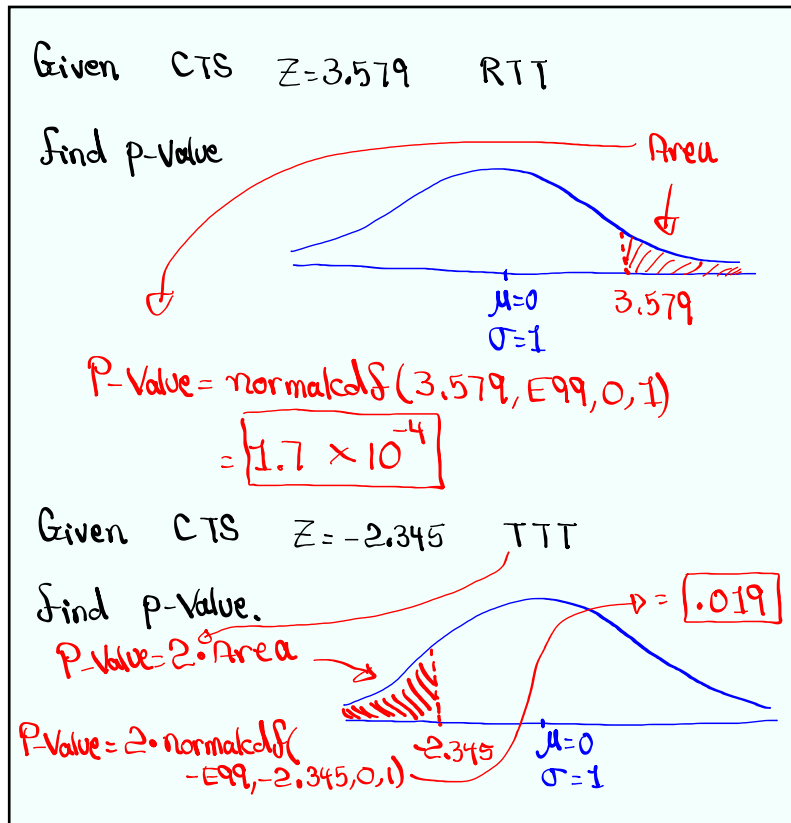
May 8-8:53 AM



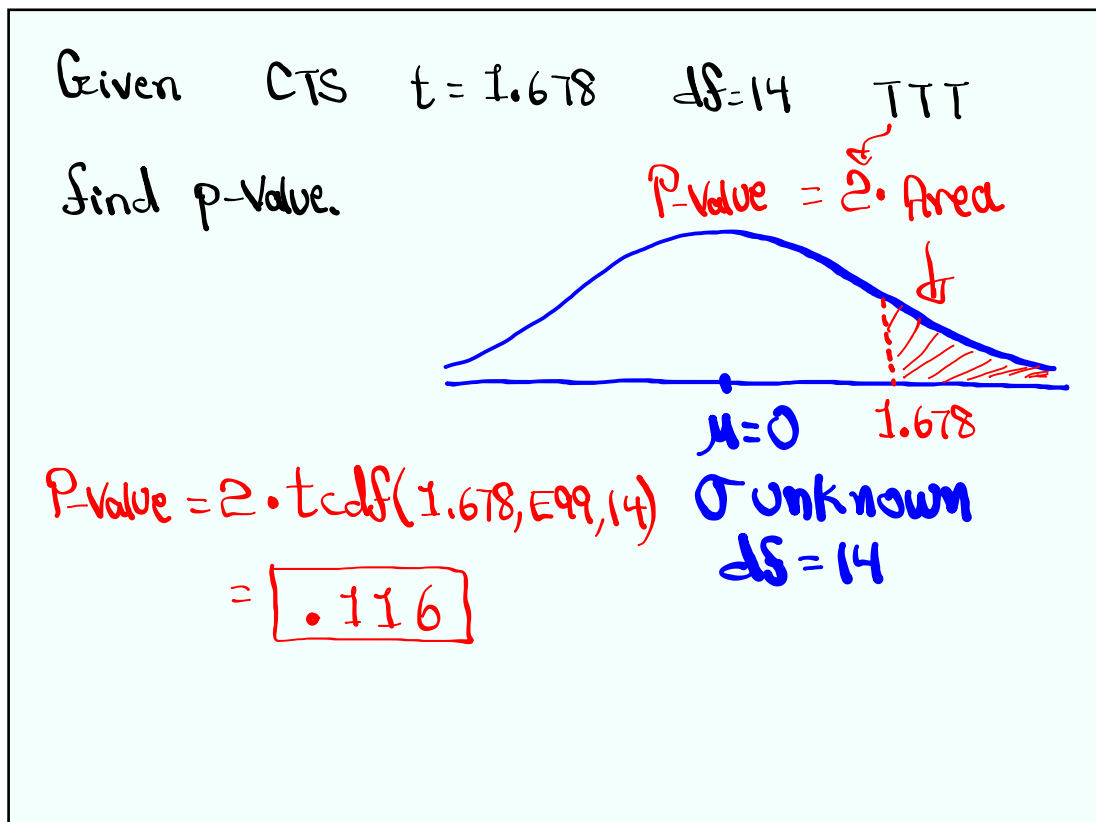
May 8-8:59 AM



May 8-9:04 AM



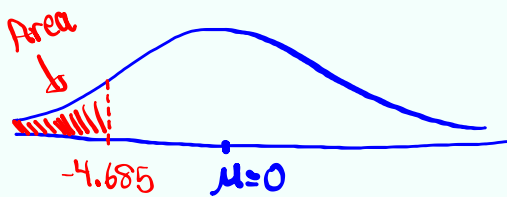
May 8-9:09 AM



May 8-9:15 AM

Given CTS  $t = -4.685$  LTT  $df = 19$

Find p-Value.



$$P\text{-Value} = \text{tcdf}(-E99, -4.685, 19)$$

$\mu = 0$   
 $\sigma$  unknown  
 $df = 19$

$$= \boxed{8.1 \times 10^{-5}}$$

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May 8-9:19 AM